

Disclosure under Basel III
Sanima Bank Ltd
As at Mid Oct 2016 (1st Quarter End of FY 2016/17)

Capital Structure and Capital Adequacy:

- Tier 1 Capital and Breakdown of its Components**

	Particulars	Amount
a	Paid up Equity Share Capital	5,278,996,800
b	Irredeemable Non-cumulative preference shares	-
c	Share Premium	102,370,307
d	Proposed Bonus Equity Shares	-
e	Statutory General Reserves	564,540,000
f	Retained Earnings	2,799,665
g	Un-audited current year cumulative profit	271,621,813
h	Special Reserve Fund	11,922,576
i	Capital Adjustment Reserves	-
j	Dividend Equalization Reserves	-
k	Capital Redemption Reserves Fund	52,857,143
l	Deferred Tax Reserve	2,591,740
m	Less: Goodwill	-
n	Less: Fictitious Assets	-
o	Less: Deferred Tax Assets	2,591,740
p	Less: Investment in equity of licensed Financial Institutions	-
q	Less: Investment in equity of institutions with financial interests	120,350,000
r	Less: Investment in equity of institutions in excess of limits	-
s	Less: Investments arising out of underwriting commitments	-
t	Less: Purchase of Land & Building in excess of limit & utilized	-
u	Less: Reciprocal crossholdings	-
v	Less: Other Deductions	-
	Total Tier 1 Capital	6,164,758,305

- Tier 2 Capital and Breakdown of its Components**

	Particulars	Amount (Rs)
a	Cumulative and/or Redeemable Preference Share	-
b	Subordinated Term Debt	370,000,000
c	Hybrid Capital Instruments	-
d	General loan loss provision	-
e	Exchange Equalization Reserves	499,927,616
f	Investments Adjustment Reserves	4,193,641
g	Assets Revaluation Reserves	2,750,000
h	Other Reserves	-
	Total Tier 2 Capital	876,871,257

- Details of Subordinated Term Debt:**

The Bank has issued "7% Sanima Debenture 2079" of Rs 1000 each of Rs 370,000,000 for 7 year.

Issued Date: 2072-4-20

Expiry Date: 2079-4-19

- **Deductions from Capital:**

The Bank has invested Rs 10,350,000/- in Sanima Mai Hydro Power and Sanima Life Insurance. The Bank has also incorporated a merchant banking subsidiary named "Sanima Capital" with paid-up capital of Rs 110,000,000. Accordingly Rs 120,350,000 has been deducted from Core Capital.

- **Total Qualifying Capital:**

Particulars	Amount (Rs)
Core Capital (Tier 1)	6,164,758,305
Supplementary Capital (Tier 2)	876,871,257
Total Capital Fund	7,041,629,562

- **Capital Adequacy Ratio: 13.03%**

Risk Exposures

- **Risk weighted exposures for credit Risk, Market Risk and Operational Risk:**

RISK WEIGHTED EXPOSURES	Amount (Rs)
Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	49,313,062,553
Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	2,424,799,905
Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	791,703,534
Total Risk Weighted Exposures (Before Bank's adjustment of Pillar II)	52,529,565,992

- **Risk Weighted exposures under each 11 categories of Credit Risk:**

S.N.	Categories	Amount (Rs)
1	Claims on Government and Central Bank	782,730,445
2	Claims on Other Financial Entities	-
3	Claims on Banks	831,038,377
4	Claims on Domestic Corporate and Securities Firms	21,702,552,792
5	Claims on Regulatory Retail Portfolio & Other Retail Portfolio	9,072,150,995
6	Claims secured by residential properties	2,186,173,525
7	Claims secured by Commercial real estate	432,601,455
8	Past due claims	62,121,934
9	High Risk claims	8,268,516,498
10	Other Assets	1,171,463,586
11	Off Balance Sheet Items	4,803,712,945
Total		49,313,062,553

- **Total Risk Weight Exposures calculation Table:**

RISK WEIGHTED EXPOSURES	Amount (Rs)
Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	49,313,062,553
Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	2,424,799,905
Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	791,703,534
Add: 2% of the total RWE add by Supervisory Review	444,900,000
Add: RWE equivalent to reciprocal of capital charge of 2% of Gross Income	1,050,591,320
Total Risk Weighted Exposures (After Bank's adjustment of Pillar II)	54,025,057,312
Total Core Capital	6,164,758,305
Total Capital	7,041,629,562

- **Amount of Non-Performing Assets (both Gross and Net):**

Particulars	Gross Amount (Rs)	Loan Loss Provision (Rs)	Net NPL (Rs)
Restructured	-	-	-
Sub-Standard	22,496,634	5,624,158	16,872,475
Doubtful	-	-	-
Loss	2,053,249	2,053,249	-
Total	24,549,883	7,677,408	16,872,475

- **NPA Ratios:**

NPA Ratios	(%)
Gross NPA to Gross Advances	0.05
Net NPA to Net Advances	0.04

- **Movement in Non Performing Assets:**

Particulars	This Quarter (Rs)	Previous Quarter (Rs)	Change (%)
Non Performing Assets (Volumes)	24,549,883	7,638,667	221.39
Non Performing Assets (%)	0.05	0.02	0.03

- **Write off Loans and Interest Suspense:**

Particulars	Amount
Write off loans during the quarter	-
Write off Interest Suspense quarter	-
Total	-

- **Movement in Loan Loss Provision and Interest Suspense:**

Particulars	This Quarter (Rs)	Previous Quarter (Rs)	Change (%)
Loan Loss Provision (Total)	507,657,332	443,785,747	14.39
Interest Suspense	102,948,215	87,592,527	17.53

- **Details of Additional Loan Loss Provision during the quarter:**

Particulars	Amount (Rs)
Pass	59,791,009
Restructured	-
Sub-Standard	5,513,018
Doubtful	-
Loss	9,749
Total	65,313,776

- **Segregation of Investment Portfolio:**

Particulars	Amount (Rs)
Held for Trading	72,339,084
Held to Maturity	9,720,485,265
Available for sale	122,652,600
Total Investment	9,915,476,950

Risk Management Function

Restructuring of Organization

The Bank has restructured its organizational setup and continuous steps are taken to reengineer the processes to cater the various systematic and unsystematic risks.

Appointment of CRO

Chief Risk Officer (CRO), along with his team, is responsible for overall risk management of the Bank which includes managing, assessing, identifying, monitoring and reducing pertinent global, macro and micro-economic level business risks that could interfere with Banks objective and goals and whether the Bank is in substantial compliance with its internal operating policies and other applicable regulations and procedures, external, legal, regulatory or contractual requirements on a continuous basis. Further, CRO ensures integration of all major risk in capital assessment process.

Risk Management Committee (RMC)

Board level risk management committee has been set up under NRB Directive for ensuring/reviewing bank's risk appetite are in line with the policies and CRO acts as member secretary. CRO closely monitors and report on credit related risks in ALCO & RMC meeting.

Operational Risk

Board and senior management of the bank places high priority on effective operational risk management and adherence to sound operating controls.

- Policies/Guidelines explicitly supports the identification, assessment, control and reporting of key risks.
- Emphasizes on dual controls,
- Effective monitoring and internal reporting,
- Contingency and business continuity plans,
- High standards of ethics and integrity,
- Commitment to good corporate governance and
- Segregation of duties and clear lines of management responsibility, accountability and reporting.

Market Risk

Sanima has Market Risk Management Policy developed in line with Risk Management Guidelines issued by NRB to assess and actively manage all material market risks, wherever they arise throughout the bank and a capital charge is provided for such risks. Stress testing technique also covers the capital requirement on market shock. Foreign Currency peak position, interest rate risk, stock position is discussed in ALCO meetings on monthly basis.

For interest risk management, appropriate assets and liability mismatch (GAP analysis) is measured as per policy so as to minimize sudden fall in NII. Investments in stock are revalued at the end of every month and Open positions in foreign currencies are monitored daily. Prompt Action is taken to keep open positions and foreign currency exchange risk to a minimum level. Regulatory limits are ensured at all time.

Adequate care is taken to ensure the maturity of deposits to match with assets maturity. Adequate liquidity is ensured even in stressed scenarios. Various ratios as per liquidity risk management policy are assessed. Treasury department plays the vital role for monitoring same and report to ALCO.

Compliance

Compliance officer has been entrusted with the responsibility of assessment, identification and reporting to CRO the Operational, Liquidity & Market Risk in conformity with risk management policies of Sanima.

Assets and Liability Committee (ALCO)

The ALCO, chaired by Chief Executive Officer, ensures functioning of the banking business in line with the set procedures and processes and recommends for necessary steps to address the risk associated with liquidity, movement in interest rate, exchange rate and equity price and other risks.

Stress Testing

Stress Testing is a risk management technique used to evaluate the potential effects on an institution's financial condition, of a set of specified changes in risk factors, corresponding to exceptional but plausible events. The Bank conducts the stress test on quarterly basis and reports to senior management as well as to Nepal Rastra Bank.

Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP)

The Bank has developed a comprehensive ICAAP document. The ICAAP has two major components; first is an internal process to identify measure, manage and report risks to which the bank is exposed or could be exposed in the future; and second is an internal process to plan and manage a bank's capital so as to ensure adequate capital. The Bank also conducts the stress test on quarterly basis and reports to senior management. The Bank in line with BASEL provisions and ICAAP document assesses risk exposures and allocated sufficient capital/cushion for perceived risks. The adequacy of capital is main agenda of any ALCO, Man-Com and board meetings.

Maker-Checker Policy

The Bank has adopted Maker-Checker Policy in all of the transactions. Each and every transaction is entered and authorized in CBS by two different individuals for better control and any deviations are closely monitored. The activities of any personnel can be monitored centrally through an integrated system which helps in minimizing the risk of misconduct

Information Technology

The Bank has maintained in-house cold site for disaster recovery. The disaster recovery site and production server site have been kept in well-maintained separate buildings. Periodic drill is conducted to assess the functioning of DRS. Also, the desktops are implemented with Active Directory System (ADS) which does not allow users to replicate or bring the data in/from any unauthorized removable devices.

Internal Audit

Internal audit of the Bank is independent from the management and directly reports to Audit Committee, a board level committee. Audit functions are carried out by experienced staffs and regular observations are being communicated to the related departments/ branches/ staffs. Audit committee holds its meeting at least once in a quarter.

Eligible Credit Risk Mitigates (CRM) as on Ashoj End 2073 (16th Oct, 2016)

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Deposits with Bank	391,134,402
Gold	469,253,850
Total	860,388,252